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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
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| 09/852,609 | 05/09/2001 | Carlos A. Serrano-Morales | 60000-0014 | 4894 | |
| 7590 04/22/2004 Hickman Palermo Truong & Becker, LLP | | | EXAM | EXAMINER | |
| | | | HOLMES, N | HOLMES, MICHAEL B | |
| 1600 Willow Street San Jose, CA 95125-5106 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | | 2121 | (| |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 04/22/2004 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| H | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Office Action Commence | 09/852,609 | SERRANO-MORALES ET AL. | | | |
| \ | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | \ | Michael B. Holmes | 2121 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE (3) MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status | | | | | | |
| | 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 M | lay 2001 . | | | | |
| | 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This | s action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| | 4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| | 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| | 7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-7, 12, 14-19, & 24</u> is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| Δ. | 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or pplication Papers | election requirement. | | | | |
| וי | 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner | | · | | | |
| | | | objected to by the Examiner | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>10 September 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | |
| | 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on | - · · | · · | | | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. | | | | | | |
| 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | |
| | 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | |
| | a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | | | | | |
| | 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| | 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
| | 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). | | | | | |
| | _a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. | | | | | |
| 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) 2) 3) | Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) | 5) 🔲 Notice o | Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | |

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Examiner's Detailed Office Action

- 1. This action is responsive to application 09/852,609, filed May 09, 2001.
- 2. Claims 1-24 have been examined.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. Examiner acknowledges applicants' submission of prior art and information disclosure. Nevertheless, applicant is respectfully remind of the ongoing Duty to disclose 37 C.F.R. 1.56 all pertinent information and material pertaining to the patentability of applicant's claimed invention, by continuing to submitting in a timely manner PTO-1449, Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) with the filing of applicant's of application or thereafter.

Drawings

4. The formal drawings have been reviewed by the United States Patent & Trademark
Office of Draftperson's Patent Drawings Review.

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Specification

5. The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is required in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objection

6. Claims 2-7, 12, 14-19, & 24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim Interpretation

7. Office personnel are to give claims their "broadest reasonable interpretation" in light of the supporting disclosure. *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551(CCPA 1969). See *also *In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322(Fed. Cir. 1989) ("During patent examination the pending claims must be interpreted as broadly as their terms reasonably allow. . . . The reason is simply that during patent prosecution when claims can be amended, ambiguities should be recognized, scope and breadth of language explored, and clarification imposed. . . . An essential purpose of patent examination is to fashion claims that are precise, clear, correct, and unambiguous. Only in this way can uncertainties of claim scope be

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removed, as much as possible, during the administrative process."). see MPEP § 2106

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 9. The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).
- 10. Claims 1, 9, 11, 13, 21, & 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Aldrich (USPN 6,615,198 B1), Filed: April 10, 2000; Date of Patent: September 2, 2003.

Regarding claim 1:

Aldrich teaches,

A method for developing rules applications, wherein the method comprises the computer implemented steps of:

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generating a first template that defines a rules structure for rules that may be executed by a rules engine; [FIG. 1; (col. 5, line 50 to col. 6, line 14 "The STC 112 is used to create solution tools for systems, devices, or processes. The STC 112 has a component panel used to define components that would be used to define requirements for a solution when the solution tool is used, an options panel used to define potential selections for components, and a rules engine used to build logic that, when used, builds a solution of requirements for components according to options selected for questions. Optionally, the STC 112 may have a graphic engine to associate graphics with components and an assembly panel used to define properties for components, graphics, and logic. Preferably, only the super-user 106 has access to the STC 112. The solution tool 114 comprises selections, graphics, including component graphics and template graphics, component identifications, and logic rules. When the solution tool 114 is used by the user 104, the logic rules operate to present the questions and options, process the options, dynamically build one or more component list reports identifying components required for the solution, i.e. the solution requirements, as the user selects options to the questions, dynamically build one or more graphic reports depicting the solution requirements as the user selects options to the questions, and present hyperlinks that can connect the user to training media or to the online help. Optionally, the solution may have one or both of the component list report or the graphic report, and the hyperlinks may be included or excluded for any particular option. Only one solution tool 114 is shown in the Figures for clarity. However, multiple solution tools may exist, and one or more of the solution tools may be downloaded and used by a user.") & (col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics.

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template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a second template describing a first set of tasks that includes a first task and an association with said task and said first template; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a set of rules based on said first template, wherein said association between said first task and said first template causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said first task. [FIG. 1; (col. 5, line 62 to col. 6, line 13 "The solution tool 114 comprises selections, graphics, including component graphics and template graphics, component identifications, and logic rules. When the solution tool 114 is used by the user 104, the logic rules operate to present the questions and options, process the options, dynamically build one or more component list reports identifying components required for the solution, i.e. the solution requirements, as the user selects options to the questions, dynamically build one or more graphic reports depicting the solution requirements as the user selects options to the questions, and present hyperlinks that can connect the user to training media or to the on-line help. Optionally, the solution may have one or both of the component list report or the graphic report, and the

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hyperlinks may be included or excluded for any particular option. Only one solution tool 114 is shown in the Figures for clarity. However, multiple solution tools may exist, and one or more of the solution tools may be downloaded and used by a user.") & (col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")]

Regarding claim 9:

Aldrich teaches,

The method of claim 1, wherein said second template is a ruleflow template describing tasks that entail execution of rules. [(col. 7, line 22-44 "The logic rules 220 include the rules engine used by the super-user to create solution tools. The rules engine is a simple, easy to use point-and-click control pad with logic buttons that allows a super-user to create the logic rules that determine requirements for a solution based upon selected options to questions in a solution tool. The rules engine has a base set of logic buttons with operators that can be used to create

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any logic statements or logic rules needed to implement any solution. The logic statements and logic rules are created by clicking on logic buttons, components listed in the component list, selections, and graphics. Once the logic rules and logic statements are created, the rules engine dynamically converts the created logic rules to assembled logic in an assembled logic format (solution tool code) that can be used to complete a solution tool once interpreted, even if the solution tool is not completed and ready for use. The logic rules 220 are saved as part of a created solution tool on the solution system database 214 as the solution tool code. This format allows a solution tool, including the logic rules, to be saved in an easy to save and transmit format that requires a relatively small amount of storage space. Many solution tools require less than five hundred kilo bytes of storage.") & (col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

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Regarding claim 11:

Aldrich teaches,

A method for developing software that involves the execution of rules by a rules engine, wherein the method comprises the computer implemented steps of:

generating a group of rule templates that define rules structure for rules that may be executed by said rules engine; [(col. 7, line 50-67 "The solution tool 226 is any solution tool that can be used

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by a user to determine requirements for a solution to a process, a device, or a system. The solution tool 226 includes logic rules saved in the assembled logic format, graphics, selections, and components. Although only one solution tool 226 is depicted in FIG. 2, multiple solution tools can exist. The solution tool 226 resides in two forms. Prior to being downloaded by a user, the solution tool 226 has solution tool code with assembled logic that was created by the superuser. Associated with the assembled logic are the selections that list the questions and the available options or entries for the questions and an identification of components that may be required for any potential solution. Also part of the solution tool are template graphics and component graphics that are associated with each possible selection that can be made, After being downloaded by a user, the solution tool 230 is interpreted by the interpreter 228 as described more fully below. ") & (col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a first ruleflow template that defines:

a first set of tasks that includes a first task, and an association with said first task and a group of rule templates; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated

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second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and online help.")]

generating a second ruleflow template that defines:

a second set of tasks that includes a second task, an association with said second task and said group of rule templates; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")] and

generating a set of rules based on said group of templates, wherein said association between said first task and said group of templates causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said first task, [(col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")] and

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wherein said association between said second task and said group of templates causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said second task. [(col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")]

Regarding claim 13:

Aldrich teaches,

A computer-readable medium carrying one or more sequences of instructions for developing rules applications, wherein execution of the one or more sequences of instructions by one or more processors causes the one or more processors to perform the steps of:

generating a first template that defines a rules structure for rules that may be executed by a rules engine; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component

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graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a second template describing a first set of tasks that includes a first task and an association with said task and said first template; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a set of rules based on said first template, wherein said association between said first task and said first template causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said first task. [(col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with

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three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")]

Regarding claim 21:

Aldrich teaches,

The computer-readable medium of claim 13, wherein said second template is a ruleflow template describing tasks that entail execution of rules. [(col. 7, line 22-44 "The logic rules 220 include the rules engine used by the super-user to create solution tools. The rules engine is a simple, easy to use point-and-click control pad with logic buttons that allows a super-user to create the logic rules that determine requirements for a solution based upon selected options to questions in a solution tool. The rules engine has a base set of logic buttons with operators that can be used to create any logic statements or logic rules needed to implement any solution. The logic statements and logic rules are created by clicking on logic buttons, components listed in the component list, selections, and graphics. Once the logic rules and logic statements are created, the rules engine dynamically converts the created logic rules to assembled logic in an assembled logic format (solution tool code) that can be used to complete a solution tool once interpreted, even if the solution tool is not completed and ready for use. The logic rules 220 are saved as part of a created solution tool on the solution system database 214 as the solution tool code. This format allows a solution tool, including the logic rules, to be saved in an easy to save and transmit format that requires a relatively small amount of storage space. Many solution tools require less than five hundred kilo bytes of storage.") & (col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media,

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and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")

Regarding claim 23:

Aldrich teaches,

A computer-readable medium carrying one or more sequences of instructions for developing software that involves the execution of rules by a rules engine, wherein execution of the one or more sequences of instructions by one or more processors causes the one or more processors to perform the steps of:

generating a group of rule templates that define rules structure for rules that may be executed by said rules engine; [(col. 7, line 50-67 "The solution tool 226 is any solution tool that can be used by a user to determine requirements for a solution to a process, a device, or a system. The solution tool 226 includes logic rules saved in the assembled logic format, graphics, selections, and components. Although only one solution tool 226 is depicted in FIG. 2, multiple solution tools can exist. The solution tool 226 resides in two forms. Prior to being downloaded by a user, the solution tool 226 has solution tool code with assembled logic that was created by the superuser. Associated with the assembled logic are the selections that list the questions and the available options or entries for the questions and an identification of components that may be required for any potential solution. Also part of the solution tool are template graphics and component graphics that are associated with each possible selection that can be made. After

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being downloaded by a user, the solution tool 230 is interpreted by the interpreter 228 as described more fully below. ") & (col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a first ruleflow template that defines:

a first set of tasks that includes a first task, and an association with said first task and a group of rule templates; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help.")]

generating a second ruleflow template that defines:

a second set of tasks that includes a second task, an association with said second task and said group of rule templates; [(col. 9, line 12-19 "For example, a first solution to the solution tool 230 may have a first subset of selected components with their associated first subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training media, and on-line help. A second solution to the solution tool may have a second subset of selected components with their associated second subset of component graphics, template graphics, hyperlinks to training

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media, and on-line help.")] and

generating a set of rules based on said group of templates, wherein said association between said first task and said group of templates causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said first task, [(col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")] and wherein said association between said second task and said group of templates causes execution of said set of rules by said rules engine while executing said second task. [(col. 9, line 21-35 "The interpreted solution tool code 232 dynamically builds a solution based upon selected options as the options are selected for the questions in the solution tool 230. Therefore, as questions are presented to the user and options are selected, the interpreted solution tool code 232 selects a template graphic that corresponds to the total solution and adds component graphics to the template graphic to build a graphic report based upon individual selected options as those options are selected. Thus, for example, after options are selected for three questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with two component graphics

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corresponding to two required components. Whereas, for example, after options are selected for five questions, the graphic report may have a template graphic with three component graphics corresponding to three required components.")]

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 8-13 & 10-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aldrich (USPN 6,615,198 B1), Filed: April 10, 2000; Date of Patent: September 2, 2003, in view of

Karck (USPN 6,442,537 B1), Filed: Jun. 24, 1999; Date of Patent: Aug. 27, 2002.

The *Aldrich* has been discussed above and does not explicitly teach the limitations of claims 8-13 & 10-22. However *Karck* teaches the limitations of claims 8-13 & 10-22.

Regarding claim 8 & 13:

Karck teaches,

The method of claim 1, wherein said first template is a rule template. [FIG. 1; (col. 1, line 66 to

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col. 2, line 3 "FIG. 1 shows a high level conceptual diagram of a rules systems in accordance

with the present invention. FIG. 1 includes a template rule library which consists of a plurality

of predetermined template rules which have application in a variety of fields.")] It would have

been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to

which said subject matters pertains, to employ a rule template which allows for generic rules to

be customized and utilized in specific environments on a dynamic and specific basis.

Regarding claim 10 & 22:

Karck teaches,

The method of claim 1, wherein said first template describes a structure of a business rule.

[(col. 2, line 6-11 "One such situation would be an employee information database, wherein

columns related to an employee's extension at work and other innocuous data may be accessable

to most or all other employees, but sensitive data such as salary, health history, home address,

etc. would only be available to certain qualified employees.")] It would have been obvious at the

time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject

matters pertains, to employ a rule template which allows for generic rules to be customized and

utilized in a business environment and on a dynamic and specific basis.

Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and (listed of form PTO-892) not relied upon is considered

pertinent to applicant's disclosure as follows. Applicant or applicant's representative is respect-

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fully reminded that in process of patent prosecution i.e., amending of claims in response to a rejection of claims set forth by the Examiner per Title 35 U.S.C. The patentable novelty must be clearly shown in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited and any objections made. Moreover, applicant or applicant's representative must clearly show how the amendments avoid or overcome such references and objections. *See* 37 CFR § 1.111(c).

Correspondence Information

12. Any inquiries concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Michael B. Holmes** who may be reached via telephone at (703) 308-6280. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. eastern standard time.

If you need to send the Examiner, a facsimile transmission regarding After Final issues, please send it to (703) 746-7238. If you need to send an Official facsimile transmission, please send it to (703) 746-7239. If you would like to send a Non-Official (draft) facsimile transmission the fax is (703) 746-7240. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Anthony Knight, may be reached at (703) 308-3179.

Any response to this office action should be mailed too:

Director of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231. Hand-delivered responses should be delivered to the Receptionist, located on the fourth floor of Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

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Michael B. Holmes

Patent Examiner Artificial Intelligence Art Unit 2121

United States Department of Commerce Patent & Trademark Office